

## AGC Guidance on Prayer in the Military at Non-Chapel-Centric Functions

- 1 Prayer is first/always worship, a sincere approach/humble intercession before God. The audience of prayer is not a command or crew - the Audience is God alone! Access to this Holy Omnipotent God is by grace through the work of Jesus Christ.
- 2 Prayer ought always to please God.

We do not compose prayers to please an audience, a crew, or a command.

-Their approval of our prayer is incidental to God's approval, our mission

-Constant anxiety over another's opinion of your prayer obstructs your prayer

- 3 Prayer should not be used as a weapon to "intentionally" offend other people.

  Prayer is a vital part of the Christian Chaplain's Armor (a warfare metaphor).

  But praying "in Jesus Name" to "brandish" one's Constitutional Liberty is a sin!

  If your intent is to "thumb your nose" at another chaplain, you have breached the 3<sup>rd</sup> Commandment, taking the name of the LORD thy God in vain.
- 4 Prayer at Ceremonies and Command Functions should always be contextualized.
  Pray in keeping w/the purpose for the Ceremony, and use Scripture if possible.
  Command events are not Religious Ceremonies, but contain religious elements.
  The Government/Chaplain Corps policy is pluralism Pluralism is reciprocal.
  Pluralism is NOT ecumenism. Your prayer does not have to be ecumenical.
- 5 Prayer at a Command Function is the prerogative of the Commanding Officer.

  The CO owns the ceremony, his guidance should be earnestly considered.

  Build a good relationship w/your CO and be proactive in learning expectations.

  Chaplains who cannot abide by the guidance of the CO may recuse themselves.
- 6 It is impossible "not to offend" someone when praying. Accept this, but be sensitive. Atheists in a command formation are offended when anyone prays.

  There is no such thing as a "non-sectarian prayer."
- 7 Prayer is a freedom of religion, speech, and conscience issue, even for Chaplains.
  No Chaplain has the authority to tell an AGC Chaplain how to pray.
  -The SCOTUS Greece vs Galloway NY case (May 2014) confirms this Veteran Chaplains' opinions should be welcomed, but they are not prescriptive.
- 8 Every public prayer, and everyone who offers public prayer will be different.
  This is a witness to the diversity that we say we celebrate in the military.
  So expect Jews to pray like Jews, expect Muslims to pray like Muslims, and expect Christians to pray like Christians, etc.
- 9 Your approach before & departure from the Throne of Grace should honor God!
- 10 Expect feedback, both good and not so good.

  If a supervisory Chaplain chides you for your prayer, notify the AGC home office.

  If you feel coerced into recusing yourself from praying, again, please notify us.